

United States Department of Agriculture

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

NOTICES OF JUDGMENT UNDER THE FOOD AND DRUGS ACT

[Given pursuant to section 4 of the food and drugs act]

18001-18025

[Approved by the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., June 17, 1931]

18001. Adulteration of canned turnip greens. U. S. v. 13 Cases, et al., of Canned Turnip Greens. Default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 25783, 25784. I. S. No. 14537. S. No. 4035.)

Samples of canned turnip greens from the shipment herein described having been found to be sour and decomposed, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the United States attorney for the Southern District of Florida.

On January 27, 1931, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid libels praying seizure and condemnation of 20 cases of canned turnip greens, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Jacksonville, Fla., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Pomona Products Co., from Griffin, Ga., on or about October 8, 1930, and had been transported from the State of Georgia into the State of Florida, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: (Can) "Georgia Belle Brand Fancy Turnip Greens * * * Packed by Pomona Products Co., Griffin, Ga."

It was alleged in the libels that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On February 20, 1931, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

18002. Adulteration of canned pimientos. U. S. v. 860 Cases of Pimientos. Decree of condemnation. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 25535. I. S. No. 19778. S. No. 3831.)

Samples of canned pimientos from the shipment herein described having been found to be decomposed, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the United States attorney for the Western District of Texas.

On or about December 24, 1930, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 860 cases of pimientos, remaining in the original unbroken packages at San Antonio, Tex., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Pomona Products Co., from Griffin, Ga., on or about October 14, 1930, and had been transported from the State of Georgia into the State of Texas, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: (Jar) "Sunshine Pimientos * * * Packed by Pomona Products Co., Griffin, Ga."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On February 16, 1931, the Pomona Products Co., Griffin, Ga., having appeared as claimant for the property and having admitted the material allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered by the court that the product be delivered to the said claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$2,500, conditioned in part that it be reshipped to Griffin, Ga., and examined under the supervision of this department, the unfit portion destroyed and the remainder released.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*